

Tons of great Toyooka Basin & Hiyoriyama Course Driving Course

Sasaura Inlet a Hanakake Jizo

nd Statue

Kinosaki Marine World at Hiyoriyama Kaigan Coasi



Houses and buildings in Toyooka Town were once burned down in the North Tajima Earthquake in 1925. The rebuilt modern architectural buildings were recovered. Now vou still can see them. 90 years later. You can also meet bag artisans and encounter their exquisite skills in the Toyooka Bag shops on Kaban Street.

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Nakashima the God of

The God of Sweets is called, "Tajimamori-no-Mikoto." Suinin Emperor ordered Tajimamori-no-Mikoto to bring back a mandarin orange (for perennial youth and long life) from another country overseas. This is how he became "the God of Sweets."

These are institutions for research and experiments. They encourage the storks to breed in the wild to conserve the species. The Oriental White Stork Center is open to public. You can have a tour of Oriental White Storks. Tel.0796-23-5666

Hyogo Prefectural Homeland for the Oriental White Stork) Tel.0796-23-7750 (Toyooka Municipal Eco Museum for the Oriental White Stork) Genbudo

Volcanic activity, about 1.6 million years ago, made regular cracks and formed the pillar joints of basalt in the process of cooling down the hot magma. You can see how valuable this geology is, how beautiful the naturally formed joints are, and how important the academic lessons that can be learned are.

Hachigor Toshima pro's Wetland

Fisherman Tsuiyama I

n's Village Port



Toshima Wetland of Hachigorō, is located downstream of Maruyama River. The first reintroduced wild stork, Hachigorō came to fly on August 5th. 2002. This wetland is full of rare living creatures and plant life with a mix of fresh and brackish water. It has become a registered Ramsar Convention Wetland since 2012



has a peaceful and exquisite view all year around. Fishing in the river used to be prosperous, and some boat houses still remain.

The Hanakake Jizo Statue around this inlet is from an old Japanese folklore. It is said that only one wish will be granted if you don't ask for too much.

Kinosaki Onsen (hot



Kinosaki Onsen hot springs are located at the entrance of the beautiful Maruyama River. The onsen town was developed on the soil, which filled in Otani River Inlet. It is very well known for its tour of their seven sotoyu hot springs. Each sotoyu has its own origin and style. Come stroll along the river under willow trees while wearing a Japanese yukata (summer kimono). Enjoy the great atmosphere of this onsen town.

Kinumaki columnar Shrine joints



The Kinumaki Shrine is under Mt. Kinumaki at the mouth of Maruyama River. At the entrance of the shrine, you will see columnar joints of volcanic rocks. They resembled a pile of fabric rolls of silk. The surrounding woods are recognized as a Japanese Cultural Property, designated by the prefecture. This lovely natural forest is known for its warm-climate vegetation at the Kinumaki Shrine,

Elephant Rock



It is called, "Zō lwa" because the stone's shape closely resembles an elephant. The rock was naturally carved by the ocean waves during the Jomon Period. The dented shaped rock is called, "Notch." It is separated from the coast because the sea level became lower there. It has been said, that the sea level was once 5 meters higher than it is now, during the Jomon Period.

t of the Earthor t Tai and Tai

During the earthquake of 1925, local residents in Tai district worked together to extinguish fires. Therefore, the damage was very limited. In the center of the district, we have a monument of the earthquake of 1925. Together, we continue not to forget the earthquake. Tai-district rice fields are a man-made wetland and a good feeding ground for Oriental White Storks.

This port faces the Sea of Japan and is the largest in Toyooka. We have a huge catch of squid, Matsuba crab (snow crab), sea bream, flounder, sandfish, and turban shells all year around. You can purchase our finest fresh seafood at Fisherman's Village.



This area has an aquarium on the beautiful coast, facing the Japan Sea. You can enjoy seasonal views from Hiyoriyama Kaigan Coast Guide Center. You will also find Rhyolite, a kind of volcanic rock, and solidified rocks of volcanic ash created by the volcanic activities at the birth of the Sea of Japan.

Geo-column

Toyooka Basin used to be part of the sea a long time ago.

We have learned that Toyooka Basin used to be a large inlet of the sea during Jomon Period. In Izushi, behind the inlet, the Izushi Shrine is a place to worship the alien Ameno Hiboko. The Nakashima Shrine is the shrine of sweets, with legends of a trade with a country over the sea (China). The coast

around the Sea of Japan was historically used as a base for international trade. You still see the remains of these interactions throughout Takeno and the Maruyama River.

The sea during Jômon Period

The sea during Jomon Period

Afterwards, the narrow mouth of the inlet was buried with the sand and soil.



Bottlenecked geological shape does not exhaust the sand

Geo-column

Here is a townscape with basalt



Stone piled with basalt and stairs (Tachino)

Houses and storehouses used basalt for the base and the walls of their structures. The land level in Toyooka is almost exactly at sea level. We had to have high floors to protect against floods. For that purpose, we often used strong and heavy basalt. It is a natural

resource from Toyooka's Genbudo Cave.



*You will see poles showing how high the floodwaters of 2004 reached throughout Toyooka City. Let's look for them!

Answers to the quiz

①Answer: The sea level used to be 5 meters higher than the present during Jomon Period. Here is the water's edge. Waves naturally carved the rock into an elephant like shape.

2 Answer: The pole indicates which level the flood of 2004 reached. For the details, see Geo-column 2.

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[Production]

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Toyooka Basin was made of soft sand and soil. The damage in the North Tajima Earthquake in 1925 was serious. An effort was made to build strong houses that could hold up against earthquakes. Those reconstructed buildings make up the present townscape.

Toyooka Keiko-do (old Toyooka Town Hall